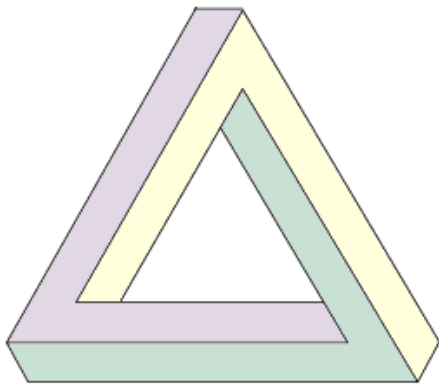


Tractable Triangles

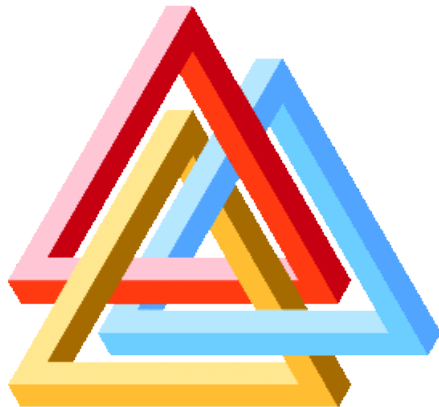
Martin Cooper (Toulouse)
Standa Živný (Oxford)

CP 2011, Perugia, Italy

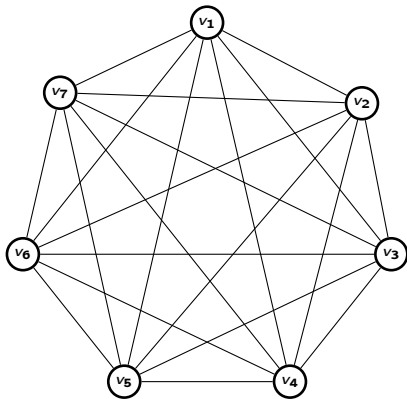
What is a triangle...



...or even triangles?

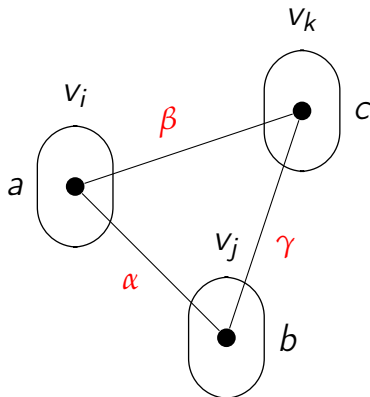


Example: All-Different

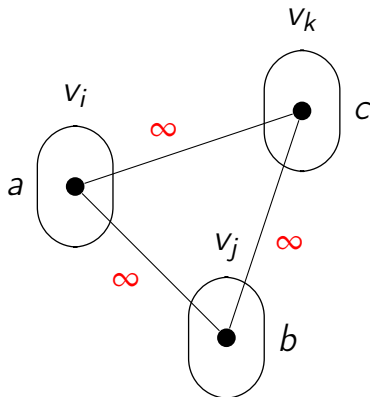


$$c_{ij}(a, b) = \begin{cases} 0 & a \neq b \\ \infty & a = b \end{cases}$$

Example: All-Different

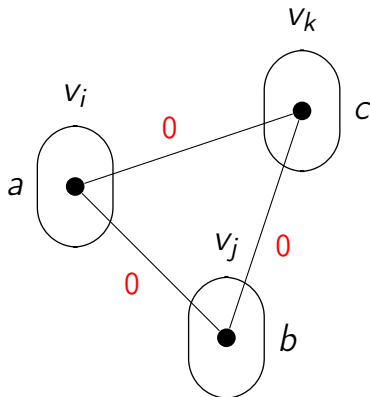


Example: All-Different



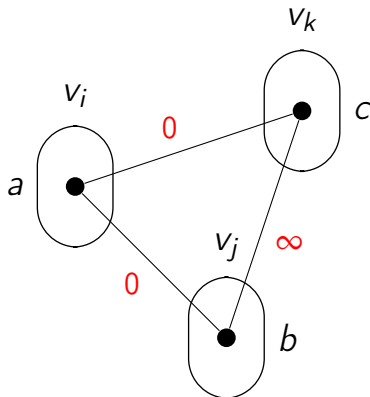
$$a = b = c$$

Example: All-Different



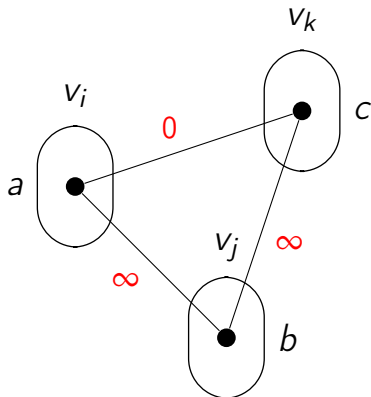
$$a \neq b \neq c \neq a$$

Example: All-Different



$$a \neq b = c$$

Example: All-Different



$\{0, \infty, \infty\}$ **impossible**: $(a = b) \wedge (b = c) \Rightarrow a = c$

Example: All-Different, cont'd



\mathcal{C} = binary CSPs with $\Delta : \{0, 0, 0\}, \{\infty, \infty, \infty\}, \{0, 0, \infty\}$.

\mathcal{C} includes All-Different over all variables.

Is \mathcal{C} tractable?

Problem



Computational complexity of problems
with restricted costs in all triangles.

Binary Valued CSPs

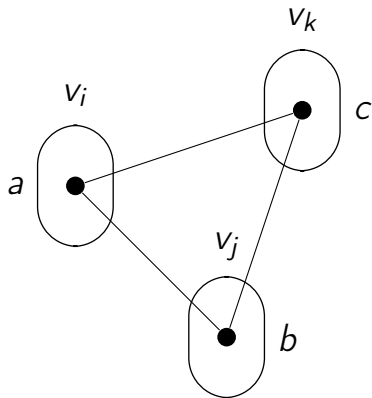


- ▶ n variables v_1, \dots, v_n over domains D_1, \dots, D_n
- ▶ cost functions:
 $c_i : D_i \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}_+ \cup \{\infty\}$, $c_{ij} : D_i \times D_j \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}_+ \cup \{\infty\}$
- ▶ objective:

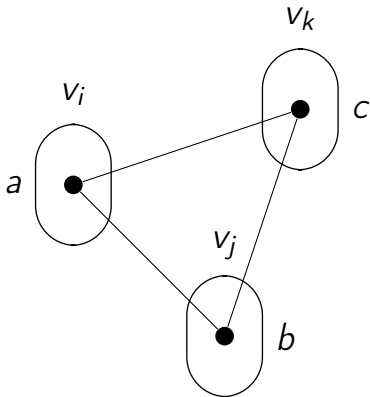
$$\min_{v_1 \in D_1, \dots, v_n \in D_n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n c_i(v_i) + \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} c_{ij}(v_i, v_j) \right)$$

- ▶ no constraint on scope $\langle v_i, v_j \rangle \Rightarrow c_{ij} = 0$

Triangle



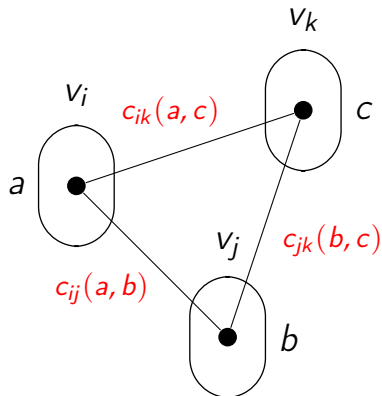
Triangle



$$\{\langle v_i, a \rangle, \langle v_j, b \rangle, \langle v_k, c \rangle\}$$

$$i \neq j \neq k \neq i, a \in D_i, b \in D_j, c \in D_k$$

Costs in a triangle



$$\{\langle v_i, a \rangle, \langle v_j, b \rangle, \langle v_k, c \rangle\}$$

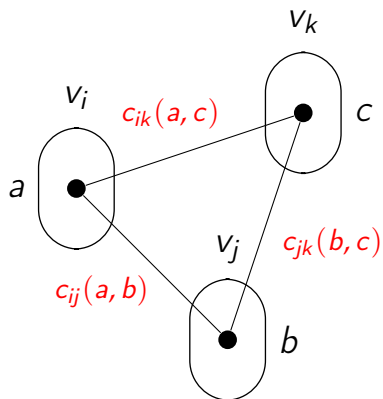
$$i \neq j \neq k \neq i, a \in D_i, b \in D_j, c \in D_k$$

Problem

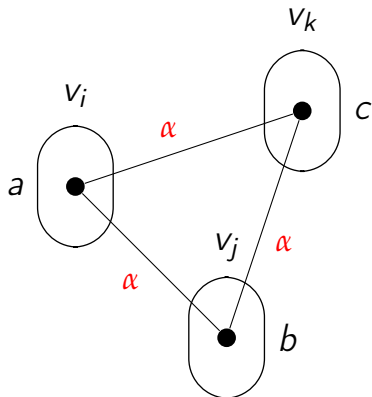


Computational complexity of problems
with restricted costs in all triangles.

Example: Joint-Winner Property

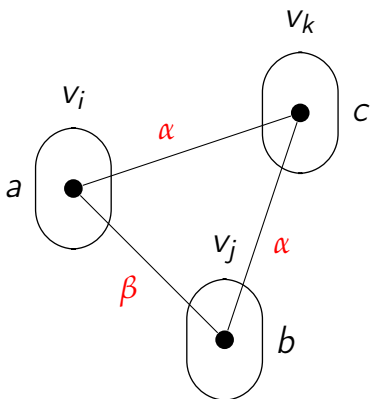


Example: Joint-Winner Property



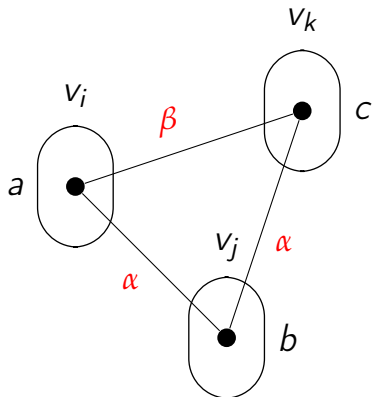
$\forall \Delta : (i) \{ \alpha, \alpha, \alpha \},$

Example: Joint-Winner Property



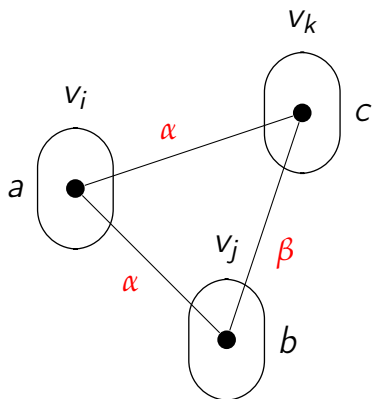
$\forall \Delta : (i) \{ \alpha, \alpha, \alpha \}$, or $(ii) \{ \alpha, \alpha, \beta \}$, where $\alpha < \beta$ in (ii) .
(different α and β in different Δ 's)

Example: Joint-Winner Property



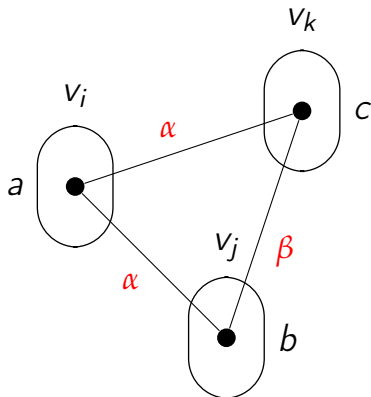
$\forall \Delta : (i) \{\alpha, \alpha, \alpha\}$, or $(ii) \{\alpha, \alpha, \beta\}$, where $\alpha < \beta$ in (ii) .
(different α and β in different Δ 's)

Example: Joint-Winner Property



$\forall \Delta : (i) \{ \alpha, \alpha, \alpha \}$, or (ii) $\{ \alpha, \alpha, \beta \}$, where $\alpha < \beta$ in (ii).
(different α and β in different Δ 's)

Example: Joint-Winner Property



$\forall \Delta$: no unique strict minimum

Example: Joint-Winner Property, cont'd



Theorem [Cooper & Ž., CP'10 & AIJ'11]

JWP is tractable.

- ▶ non-trivial algorithm
- ▶ large class of interesting problems

Example: Joint-Winner Property, cont'd



Theorem [Cooper & Ž., CP'10 & AIJ'11]

JWP is tractable.

- ▶ non-trivial algorithm
- ▶ large class of interesting problems

Hierarchically nested convex VCSP:

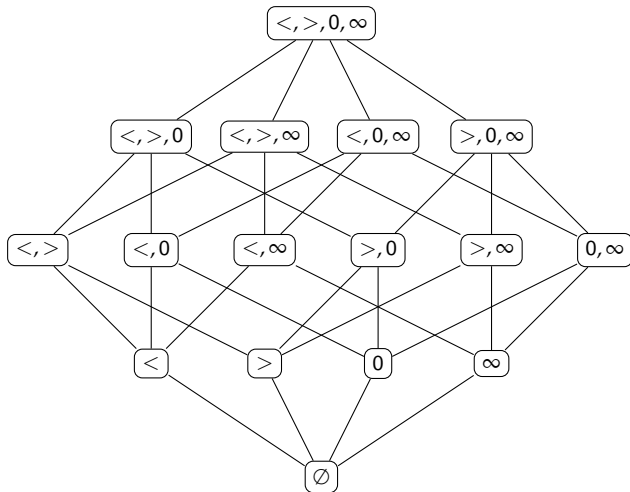
Friday at 12.10pm @ Aula 8 – no parallel talk!

For CSPs, there are only two possible costs (0 and ∞), thus exactly 4 possible cost types in a triangle:

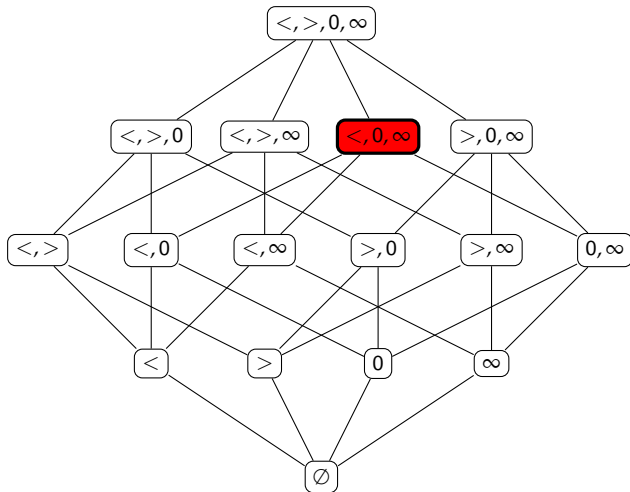
Symbol	Costs
0	$\{0, 0, 0\}$
∞	$\{\infty, \infty, \infty\}$
$<$	$\{0, 0, \infty\}$
$>$	$\{0, \infty, \infty\}$

Hence 16 classes of CSPs defined by allowed cost types.

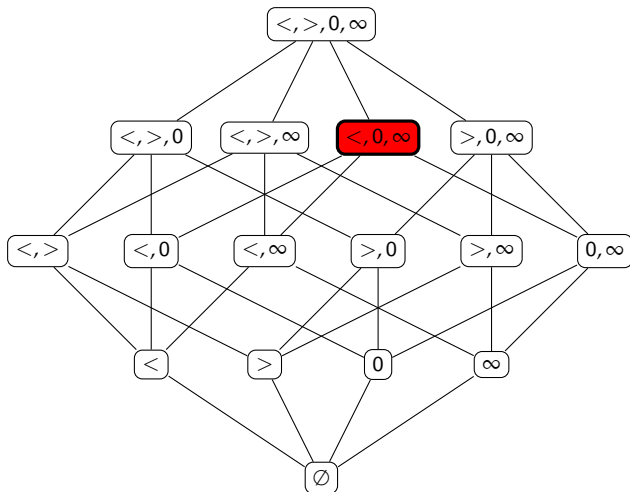
Lattice of CSPs



Lattice of CSPs

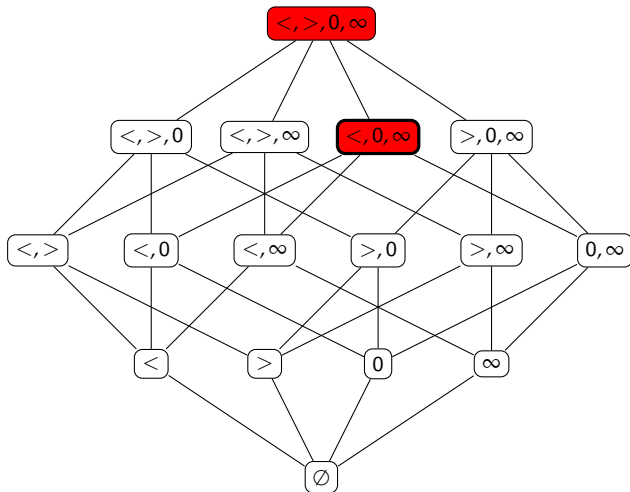


Lattice of CSPs



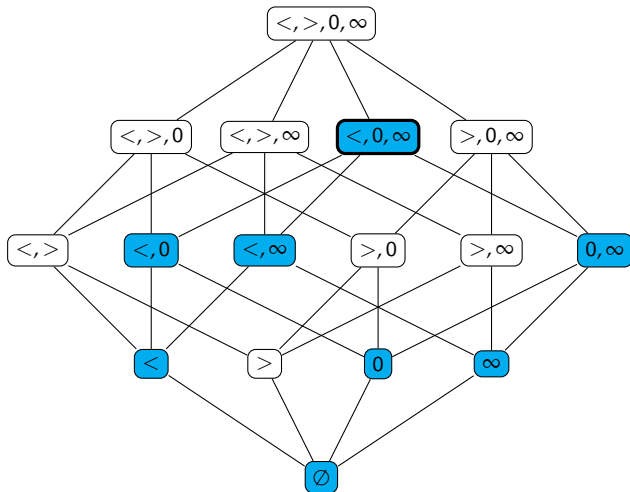
Binary CSPs with Δ : $\{0, 0, \infty\}, \{0, 0, 0\}, \{\infty, \infty, \infty\}$

Lattice of CSPs



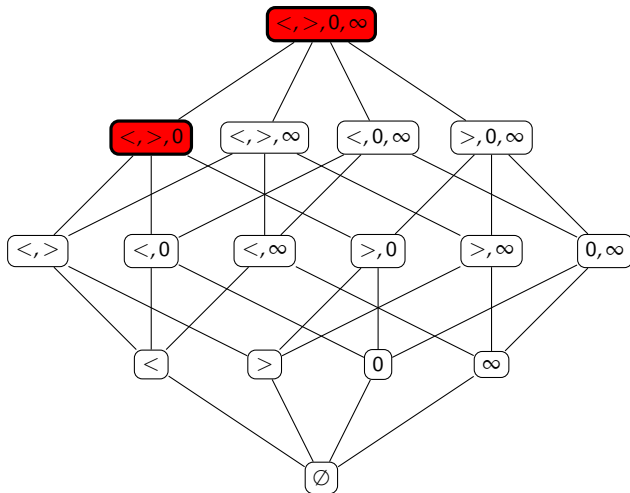
If $\{0, \langle, \infty\}$ intractable...

Lattice of CSPs



If $\{\langle, 0, \infty\}$ tractable...

CSP Classification



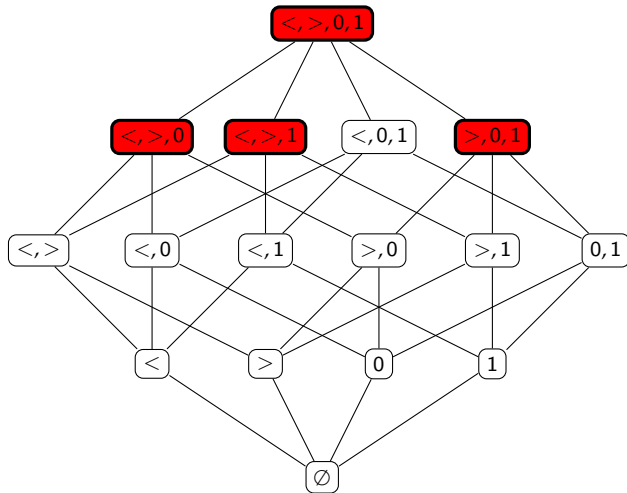
- ▶ $\{<, >, 0\}$ NP-hard from 3-Col
- ▶ $\{<, >, \infty\}$ trivially tractable
- ▶ $\{<, 0, \infty\} \subseteq \text{JWP}$
- ▶ $\{>, 0, \infty\}$ solved by SAC

For unweighted Max-CSPs, there are only two possible costs (0 and 1), thus again 4 cost types in a triangle:

Symbol	Costs
0	{0, 0, 0}
1	{1, 1, 1}
<	{0, 0, 1}
>	{0, 1, 1}

Hence 16 classes of Max-CSPs defined by allowed types.

Max-CSP Classification



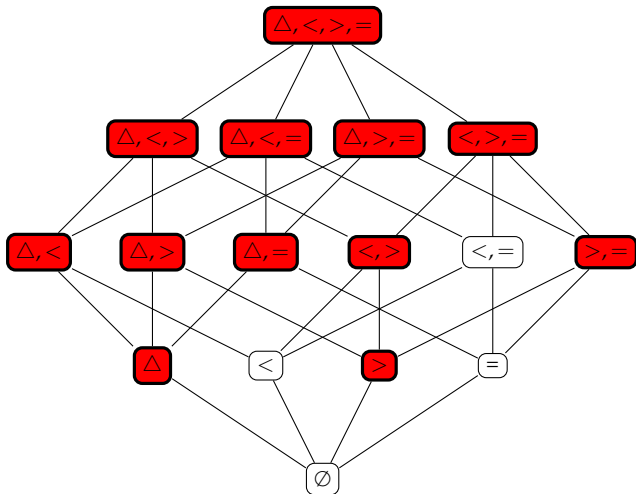
- ▶ $\{<, >, 0\}$ and $\{<, >, 1\}$ NP-hard from Max-Cut
- ▶ $\{<, 0, 1\} \subseteq \text{JWP}$
- ▶ $\{<, >\}$ trivially tractable
- ▶ $\{>, 0\}$ tractable (fairly simple)
- ▶ $\{>, 1\}$ tractable via weighted matchings in graphs
- ▶ $\{>, 0, 1\}$ **NP-hard**

Infinitely many costs, thus infinitely many cost types. We have focused on equivalence classes based on the total order of the costs.

Symbol	Costs	Remark
=	$\{\alpha, \alpha, \alpha\}$	
<	$\{\alpha, \alpha, \beta\}$	$\alpha < \beta$
>	$\{\alpha, \beta, \beta\}$	$\alpha < \beta$
\triangle	$\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma\}$	$\alpha \neq \beta \neq \gamma \neq \alpha$

Hence 16 classes of VCSPs defined by allowed types.

VCSP Classification



- ▶ $\{<, =\}$ = JWP
- ▶ $\{\Delta\}$ NP-hard from Max-Cut
- ▶ $\{>\}$ NP-hard by adapting $\{>, 0, 1\}$

- ▶ $\text{CSP} \sim \text{CSP} + \text{soft unary}$
- ▶ finite-valued VCSP \sim general-valued VCSP
- ▶ all tractability results work with unary constraints
- ▶ NP-hardness results do not require unary constraints
- ▶ NP-hardness results tight wrt domain size

Classification of problems wrt triangles.

Hierarchically nested convex VCSP:
Friday at 12.10pm @ Aula 8 – no parallel talk!